# INTERNATIONAL COMPARISONS OF PREVALENCE, AWARENESS, AND TREATMENT OF PRURITUS IN PEOPLE ON HAEMODIALYSIS

Rayner HC, et al. Clin J Am Soc Nephrol. 2017;12:2000-7.

#### BACKGROUND



CKD-associated Pruritus (CKD-aP) is common among haemodialysis (HD) patients and underestimated by medical directors.



This observational study aimed to provide an international perspective into how pruritus is currently managed and to provide a benchmark for quality improvement initiatives.

## METHOD

Patients undergoing HD and medical directors of centers were enrolled in phases 1 to 5 of the Dialysis Outcomes and Practice Patterns Study (DOPPS) during the years 1996–2015.



**35,452** patients **21** countries

Medical directors from **337** study sites **17** countries

Pruritus-related surveys were used to evaluate the change in prevalence of CKD-aP over time.

### **RESULTS**



Nearly **1 in every 5** patients on HD were very much or extremely bothered by itching.



**CKD-aP is underestimated**Nephrologists in all DOPPS countries underestimated the prevalence of pruritus among their patients.

**69%** of medical directors underestimate the prevalence of pruritus in their unit.

## **CKD-aP** is underreported

**25%** of CKD-aP patients did not report their symptoms.

#### **CKD-aP** is undertreated

**18%** of patients with symptoms of itching were not receiving any treatment.

## THE IMPACT ON PATIENTS' LIVES

Pruritus has profound negative impacts on the daily lives of HD patients, affecting:



Selfworth



Social life



Work productivity

## CONCLUSION

Systematic efforts to develop and implement guidelines, monitor and treat CKD-associated Pruritus, and routinely collect prevalence/severity data can improve patient health and wellbeing.



